The Grand Bargain in 2022: Key achievements

Political level action: the caucuses

Cash coordination
- Cash coordination model agreed

Quality funding
- Increased multi-year funding

Intermediaries
- Fairer partnerships

Funding for localisation
- Roadmaps to increase $

Enabling Priority 1: Quality funding
- More than half of donor signatories provide at least 30% of their funding as multi-year
- More than half provide at least 30% of their funding as flexible

Enabling Priority 2: Localisation and participation
- Increased support for local leadership
- Growing provision of overhead costs as standard

Progress on other commitments
- Joint Intersectoral Needs Analysis
- Expanded UN Partner Portal
- Greater investment in nexus programming
The Grand Bargain in 2022: Remaining gaps

The Enabling Priorities

- No ‘critical mass’ of quality funding reached
- No participation revolution
- No increase in direct funding to local actors

Why?

- Poor data and reporting
- No connection to country level
- Too much focus on technical v. political
- Lack of incentives for change
- No confidence in the quid pro quo

The wider funding context

- Funding still not keeping pace with humanitarian needs
- Funding still not equitably distributed between crises

Haiti’s cholera + flash appeal: 10% funded
Ukraine flash appeal: 88% funded

Source: fts.unocha.org (accessed 18 May 2023)